

SECUR



ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5

PART III

ISSION

OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number: 3235-0123

Expires: February 28, 2010
Estimated average burden
hours per response 12 00

8-49913

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

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REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	12/1/07	_AND ENDING	MSeningten, は 11/30/0844
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REGI	STRANT IDENTIFICATION	ON	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Netherland Securities, Inc.			FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINE	SS: (Do not use P.O. Box No	.)	FIRM ID. NO.
12720 Hillcrest Rd., Suite 900			
	(No. and Street)		
Dallas	Texas		75230
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
B. ACCO INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose	DUNTANT IDENTIFICATION of the opinion is contained in this		
CF & Co., L.L.P.			
(Name – i	f individual, state last, first, middle nan	ne)	
14175 Proton Rd.	Dallas	TX	75244 (Zip Code)
(Address) CHECK ONE:	(City)	PROC	CESSED (Zip Code)
Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant) FEB	1 9 2009
Accountant not resident in United S	States or any of its possessions	THOMSO	ON REUTERS
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY		
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

	ale Netherland , swear (or affirm)
pertaining	ne best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules to the firm of Netherland Securities, Inc., as of November 30, 2008, are true and correct. I further
	affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any y interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:
proprietary	y interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows.
	ROSE A. MOSS Notary Public, State of Texas Signature
	My Commission Expires September 24, 2012
	Chaurnan
	Title
	(do a A Mrs.
_	Notary Public
	rocary rustice
Th	his report** contains (check all applicable boxes):
	(a) Facing page.
XIXIXIXIXIXIXIX	(b) Statement of Financial Condition.
X	(c) Statement of Income (Loss).
X	(d) Statement of Cash Flows
	(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
X	(g) Computation of Net Capital.
X	(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
図	(i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
$\overline{\mathbf{X}}$	(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of cor
	solidation.
X	(I) An Oath or Affirmation.
	(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
	(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
X	(o) Independent auditor's report on internal control

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

REPORT PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5(d)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2008

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Netherland Securities, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Netherland Securities, Inc., as of November 30, 2008, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Netherland Securities, Inc., as of November 30, 2008 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

CF & Co., L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas January 9, 2009

Statement of Financial Condition November 30, 2008

<u>ASSETS</u>

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	71,136
Receivable from brokers and dealers		10,005
	\$	81,141
	===	01,111
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	6,607
Federal income tax payable		1,000
		7.607
		7,607
Stockholders' Equity:		
Common stock, (\$0.01 par value, 100,000 shares authorized,		
34,000 shares issued, and outstanding)		340
Additional paid-in capital		33,660
Retained earnings		39,534
Total stockholders' equity		73,534
	\$	81,141

Statement of Income For the Year Ended November 30, 2008

Revenues:		
Commissions	\$	762,993
Interest income		40,554
Other		84,304
		887,851
Expenses:		
Compensation of officers and employees		713,185
Clearing expense		48,100
Communications		6,019
Other		113,964
		881,268
Net income before income taxes		6,583
Provision for income taxes	_	2,540
Net Income	_\$	4,043

Statement of Changes In Stockholders' Equity For the Year Ended November 30, 2008

	mmon tock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance, November 30, 2007	\$ 340	\$ 33,660	\$ 35,491	\$ 69,491
Net income			4,043	4,043
Balance, November 30, 2008	\$ 340	\$ 33,660	\$ 39,534	\$ 73,534

Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated

to Claims of General Creditors

For the Year Ended November 30, 2008

Balance, November 30, 2007	\$ -	-
Additions	-	-
Retirements		-
Balance, November 30, 2008	<u>\$</u>	-

NETHERLAND SECURITIES, INC. Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended November 30, 2008

Cash flows from operating activities	
Net income	\$ 4,043
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net	
cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Decrease in receivable from brokers and dealers	1,087
Decrease in other receivables	162
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,312
Decrease in income taxes payable	(5,550)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,054
Cash flows from investing activities	
Net cash provided by investing activities	
Cash flows from financing activities	
Net cash provided by financing activities	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,054
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	70,082
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 71,136
Supplemental Disclosures Cash paid for:	
Income taxes	\$ 1,540

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2008

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Netherland Securities, Inc. (the "Company") is a broker-dealer in securities registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company operates under the exemptive provisions of (SEC) Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii). The exemptive provisions provide that all the funds and securities belonging to customers are handled by a clearing broker-dealer. The Company's office is located in Dallas, Texas.

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include interest bearing accounts and highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less.

Securities transactions (and related commission revenue and expense) are recorded on a settlement date basis. If materially different, commission income and the related expenses are recorded on a trade date basis. Receivable from brokers and dealers is with the Company's clearing broker-dealer which is located in Dallas, Texas.

Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due. The provision for Federal income taxes differs from the expected amount using statutory rates because certain expenses included in the determination of net income are non-deductible for tax reporting purposes.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Net Capital Requirements

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provisions. Net capital and the related net capital ratio may fluctuate on a daily basis.

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2008

Note 2 - Net Capital Requirements, continued

At November 30, 2008, the Company had net capital of approximately \$73,534 and net capital requirements of \$50,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .10 to 1. The SEC permits a ratio of no greater than 15 to 1.

Note 3 - <u>Possession or Control Requirements</u>

The Company does not have any possession or control of customer funds or securities. There were no material inadequacies in the procedures followed in adhering to the exemptive provisions of (SEC) Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) by promptly transmitting all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker who carries the customer accounts.

Note 4 - Concentration Risk

The Company maintained cash balances in excess of federally insured limits of \$100,000 at various times during the year ended November 30, 2008.

Note 5 - Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is required to indemnify its clearing broker-dealer if a customer fails to settle a securities transaction, according to its clearing agreement. This activity may expose the Company to off balance sheet risk. In the event a customer fails to satisfy its obligations, the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at prevailing market prices in order to fulfill the customer's obligations. Management was neither aware, nor had it been notified of any potential indemnification loss at November 30, 2008.

Supplemental Information

Pursuant to Rule 17a-5

of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

as of

November 30, 2008

Schedule I

NETHERLAND SECURITIES, INC. Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of November 30, 2008

Computation of Net Capital

Total ownership equity qualified for net capital		73,534
Deductions and/or charges Non-allowable assets:		
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions		73,534
Haircuts on securities (computed, where applicable):		
Net capital	\$	73,534
Aggregate Indebtedness		
Items included in statement of financial condition Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Federal income tax payable	\$	6,607 1,000
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$</u>	7,607

Schedule I (continued)

NETHERLAND SECURITIES, INC. Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of November 30, 2008

Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement

Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of total aggregate indebtedness)		507
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer		50,000
Minimum net capital requirement (greater of two minimum requirement amounts)		50,000
Excess net capital	\$	23,534
Excess net capital at 1000%	\$	72,773
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	1	0 to 1

Reconciliation with Company's Computation

There were no material differences in the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 from the Company's computation.

Schedule II

NETHERLAND SECURITIES, INC. Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of November 30, 2008

Exemptive Provisions

The Company has claimed an exemption from Rule 15c3-3 under section (k)(2)(ii), in which all customer transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

Company's clearing firm: Southwest Securities, Inc.

Independent Auditor's Report

On Internal Control

Required By SEC Rule 17a-5

For the Year Ended November 30, 2008



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

The Board of Directors Netherland Securities, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental information of Netherland Securities, Inc. ("the Company") as of and for the year ended November 30, 2008 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from

principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at November 30, 2008, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

C7 \$6.22. CF & Co., L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas January 9, 2009

END